

TABLE 2 TO § 431.106—TEST PROCEDURES FOR COMMERCIAL WATER HEATERS AND HOT WATER SUPPLY BOILERS—Continued  
[Other than commercial heat pump water heaters]

Equipment type	Energy efficiency descriptor	Use test setup, equipment and procedures in subsection labeled "Method of Test" of	Test procedure required for compliance on and after	With these additional stipulations
				<p>D. For electric products, apply the following in conducting the standby loss test: (1) Assume that the thermal efficiency (Et) of electric water heaters with immersed heating elements is 98 percent. (2) Maintain the electrical supply voltage to within <math>\pm 5</math> percent of the center of the voltage range specified on the water heater nameplate. (3) If the set up includes multiple adjustable thermostats, set the highest one first to yield a maximum water temperature in the specified range as measured by the topmost tank thermocouple. Then set the lower thermostat(s) to yield a maximum mean tank temperature within the specified range.</p> <p>E. Install water-tube water heaters as shown in Figure 2, "Arrangement for Testing Water-tube Type Instantaneous and Circulating Water Heaters."</p>

\* As to hot water supply boilers with a capacity of less than 10 gallons, these test methods become mandatory on October 21, 2005. Prior to that time, you may use for these products either (1) these test methods if you rate the product for thermal efficiency, or (2) the test methods in Subpart E if you rate the product for combustion efficiency as a commercial packaged boiler.

\*\* Incorporated by reference, see § 431.105.

[77 FR 28996, May 16, 2012]

**§ 431.107 Uniform test method for the measurement of energy efficiency of commercial heat pump water heaters. [Reserved]**

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

**§ 431.110 Energy conservation standards and their effective dates.**

Each commercial storage water heater, instantaneous water heater, unfired hot water storage tank and hot water supply boiler<sup>1</sup> must meet the applicable energy conservation standard level(s) as follows:

<sup>1</sup> Any packaged boiler that provides service water, that meets the definition of "commercial packaged boiler" in subpart E of this part, but does not meet the definition of "hot water supply boiler" in subpart G, must meet the requirements that apply to it under subpart E.